Report to: Cabinet

Date: 10 February 2020

Title: Housing Revenue Account (HRA) 30-Year Business Plan

Update

Report of: Chief Finance Officer and Director of Regeneration and

Planning

Cabinet Members: Councillor Zoe Nicholson, Leader

Councillor William Meyer, Cabinet Member for Housing

Ward(s): All

Purpose of Report: To present a new HRA 30-Year Business Plan covering the

years from 2019/20 to 2048/49, describing the assumptions that underpin it and highlighting the changes in approach, policy and aspirations when compared to previous plans.

Decision Type: Budget and Policy Framework

Officer recommendation(s):

(1) That Cabinet adopts Lewes' HRA 30-Year Business
Plan as a basis for operating the future HRA business

(2) That Cabinet agrees the assumptions underpinning it

(3) That Cabinet notes that the plan has been used as the starting point for setting the 2020/21 HRA Revenue Budget and Rents and the HRA Capital Programme 2019-23, which is the next report on this agenda

Reasons for recommendations:

The Council now has an opportunity to increase its HRA stock holding and improve its offer to tenants and leaseholders (both current and future) as a result of the HRA debt cap being lifted and HRA rents increasing each

year (with effect from 1st April 2020)

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 This report proposes a new 30-Year HRA Business Plan for Lewes and describes where it differs from the Council's previous Business Plan. The plan will look to address huge challenges faced by the Housing sector, many of which are locally very acute. Lack of Housing Options for applicants on the housing register and the loss of homes mean that often individuals and families are left in sometimes unsuitable and unaffordable housing for lengthy periods, which Council officers struggle to alleviate. The increase in the numbers of homeless presentations to the authority, particularly since the introduction of the new duties of the Homeless Reduction Act (which came into effect in April 2018) has meant significant costs to the authority and more critically a lack of opportunities to meet this increased demand. It is also long held that physical health and mental well-being are inextricably linked to the quality of housing and wider 'place', so the further opportunity to retrofit our homes to provide that improved healthier offer, along with reducing our carbon foot-print and having the flexibility to positively affect the lives of our tenants, in a wider sense, through social inclusion initiatives, gives this plan an even greater emphasis and an exciting opportunity to address.
- 1.2 The report explains the rationale for the changes that are proposed and how they fit with the Council's direction and priorities. In this report, the Cabinet is asked to adopt the new principles included in the plan and note the assumptions underpinning it. A detailed 2020/21 HRA budget and rent-setting report will follow next on this agenda, and any future significant decisions to be taken (for example, the details of new build projects when they are fully prepared) will be brought back for discussion and decision at the appropriate time.
- 1.3 The most notable policy changes creating a difference between this Business Plan and those presented to Cabinet previously are:
 - a) In October 2018, the government lifted the HRA debt cap for all stockholding authorities – this means that there is now more flexibility within the HRA Business Plan to increase stock numbers
 - b) Rents will increase from April 2020 (after decreasing for the last four years), meaning that the HRA will receive extra income from tenants to invest in HRA services. The total gross rental income will increase by £410k in 2020/21, equating to an average £2.36 per week per tenancy.
- 1.4 It should be noted that this does not mean that the HRA is without constraint Lewes can only borrow as much as it can afford to borrow to increase its Capital Programme and service offer there are still choices to be made.

- 1.5 The assumptions underpinning the Business Plan are set out in detail in Appendix 1. However, the headlines are:
 - a) That, in future, stock numbers will increase rather than decrease
 - b) More resources to be made available to improve services to tenants and leaseholders
 - c) That the Council will invest in the supply of more affordable housing to meet the current and future need
 - d) That a one-off sum of £500k will be made available in 2020/21 to allow for sustainability improvements and work to decarbonise the housing stock
 - e) That a 100% stock survey will be undertaken in early 2020/21 to confirm the current stock condition and future investment requirements
 - f) The Council will develop and incorporate Community Wealth principles in delivering the programme

2 Proposal

2.1 Improvements to Day to Day Management and Maintenance

2.1.1 The new Business Plan includes an uplift of £500k in Management and Maintenance costs with effect from 1st April 2020. This will be used to enhance services to HRA tenants and residents. It should be noted that this is in addition to the one-off £500k monies available for sustainability in 2020/21. Enhancements will be focused on areas highlighted by residents during service reviews and general feedback. Some of the areas that could be targeted are anti-social behaviour, multiple complex needs, social inclusion, sheltered housing, customer engagement, fuel poverty and neighbourhood area improvement. It is also likely that we will seek to provide further support to those most affected by Universal Credit or suffering from reduced incomes. Staff and tenants are being further consulted and we will seek to build our customer information to ensure that we can make the maximum difference out of this opportunity. We will, of course, also involve local members in those conversations. It is clear though, that this (working with all local partners and agencies) is a platform to provide a real boost to our communities.

These activities will also be in line with new standards likely to be introduced in the future Housing White Paper.

2.2 Increased Investment in the Current Stock

2.2.1 In 2019/20, the budget for Major Works is £4.822m plus £140k added for Estate Improvements. From 2020/21, it is £4.863m plus £50k per annum added for Estate Improvements. The Business Plan assumes that stock investment will continue at this level. However, a Stock Condition Survey is due to be carried out this year to ensure that the data is comprehensive and current. The consultancy has been procured and the surveys, covering both Lewes and Eastbourne, will take place between January and September 2020.

Meanwhile there are investment works needed during 2020/21:

Lewes: Capital Investment & Planned Works 2020/21

<u>Planned Cyclical Maintenance:</u>

As part of the capital investment and planned works for 2020/21 we have preinspected those properties identified for works based on the level of data currently held.

The properties identified consist of blocks and maisonettes as well general needs residential properties. This is made up of total of 72 blocks / maisonettes and 513 residential properties. The depth and scope of works for each property varies as we continue to honour the 7 year cyclical maintenance plan.

The estimated spend on the Lewes stock equates to:

Block & Maisonettes: £1,440,000 Residential Properties: £1,026,000

Estimated Total: £2,466,000

Roofing Replacement Programme & Associated Works:

A total number of 58 properties have been identified for full roof replacement with associated works consisting of fascia /soffit replacement, chimney and lead flashing repairs and insulation upgrade were required.

The estimated planned cost at this stage is £253,800

Window Replacement Programme:

A total number of 80 properties have been identified for full window replacement which are predominantly residential units.

The estimated planned programme cost is £800,000

Kitchen & Bathroom Planned Programme:

The planned kitchen & bathrooms based on the asset data has identified 45 kitchen replacements and 30 bathroom replacements.

Total kitchen cost: £270,000 Total bathroom cost: £75,000

Total planned cost £345,000

Total projected major planned works = £ 3,864,800

An additional unallocated sum has been provisionally set aside for refurbishment pending more in-depth investigation/feasibility works.

The majority of contracts are being procured in-house, in partnership with the South East (Procurement) Consortium (SEC). It is also planned to manage

these contracts in-house. An Interim Asset Management Strategy is currently being drafted to enable us to direct resources most appropriately around needs of the housing stock.

- 2.2.2 For the first time, £500k has been allocated in 2020/21 against sustainability/decarbonisation work in line with the new corporate priorities. The exact programme will be developed in the coming months but is likely to focus on:
 - Electric heating schemes
 - To review the current solar and photovoltaic installations, their condition and maintenance arrangements
 - To investigate opportunities for extending such opportunities and the Renewable Heat Initiatives funding available until 2021
 - To work with the Asset Manager (Property Services), Sustainability
 Officer and other organisations to determine the capital cost of capital
 investment solutions in relation to the actual reduction in carbon
 emissions.
 - To assess the impact and cost-effectiveness of insulation schemes planned during 2020/21 and project manage them on site gaining customer feedback
 - To understand and re-evaluate existing partnership and funding arrangements
 - To upgrade existing solar water heating systems and bring them back into use

All of this activity will be aimed at reducing costs for tenants and residents whilst making their homes warmer.

2.3 The Provision of Additional Affordable Homes in the HRA

- 2.3.1 The Business Plan assumes that, with effect from 2020/21, 10 homes per annum will be bought to add to Lewes' HRA stock and 50 new homes will be built each year. The net effect will be an increase of 50 per year, since it is estimated that 10 properties a year will be sold to existing tenants under the Right to Buy scheme. At 1st April 2019, Lewes held 3,203 dwellings in its HRA. By March 2049, this will increase to 4,600.
- 2.3.2 The 10 purchases per annum have been modelled based on maximum affordable purchase prices. This means that each dwelling purchased will be subject to a check that the net rental income will cover the borrowing cost. Where this cannot be achieved, the purchase will not go ahead, unless under exceptional circumstances. This approach will ensure that each individual property will have a "positive impact" on the Business Plan and not add cost to it. It is envisaged that this activity will target the repurchase of those properties that were lost through Right to Buy, where appropriate and available.
- 2.3.3 It should be noted that the figures included in the plan for new build are based on averages and do not at this stage relate to any specific sites or schemes as sites are identified and proposed new build schemes are drafted, tested for viability and fully costed, these will be brought back to Cabinet for approval.

2.3.4 All new additions to the plan are assumed to be let at "affordable" rent levels (Local Housing Allowance rates) – if rents are set at a lower level, the capacity for delivery is likely to be compromised.

3 Outcome Expected and Performance Management

- 3.1 The expected outcomes are expressed in monetary terms within the plan itself. Other targets, such as rent collection and void turnaround performance are subject to regular monitoring through the Council's performance framework. Tenant and Leaseholder satisfaction, particularly with new initiatives and changes to current service levels, will be monitored through the current Tenant and Leaseholder engagement framework.
- An officer group is already in place to oversee performance against the 30-Year HRA Business Plan. This group will ensure that the Business Plan stays on track and that resources are deployed effectively to increase stock levels, improve current stock condition and improve management and maintenance services. Any significant changes to the assumptions underpinning the Business Plan will trigger a full review to assess the impact. In any event, there will be a review and update annually.

4 Consultation

4.1 The Chair of Tenants of Lewes District (TOLD) has received a presentation showing the proposed Business Plan and is in agreement that it represents a good way forward for the Council and its tenants and residents.

5 Corporate Plan and Council Policies

- 5.1 Housing & Development is one of the key themes that shaped the vision for Lewes set out in the 2016-2020 Corporate Plan. The assumptions and proposals contained within this HRA 30-Year Business Plan align with those set out in the draft 2020-2024 Corporate Plan, 'Re-imagining Lewes District', which is currently under development, with a focus to:-
 - -Provide Leadership to the district on tackling climate emergency
 - -Create sustainable community wealth
 - -Build homes that you can afford to live in

The key elements throughout the Corporate plan have provided an important reference point for this business plan:-

'Your Services: getting it right first time. Delivering what matters to you.' 'Sustainability and Climate change. A carbon neutral and climate-resilient Council and District by 2030.'

'Building community wealth. A sustainable economy that enables a fairer place to live and work.'

'Affordable Housing. Build warmer, better homes that people can afford to live in.'

'Be open and transparent. Be an open and transparent Council that works for you.'

Key (current and future) Council policies, plans and strategies will be aligned to help deliver the objectives and goals of this plan, including the Housing Strategy, Commercial Strategy, Allocations Policy, Homelessness Strategy, Local Plan, Tenancy Policy and Town Centre Strategy.

6 Business Case and Alternative Option(s) Considered

- 6.1 The Business Plan is designed to make improvements to the HRA service in a balanced and considered way. It will improve day to day services, allow additional investment in the current stock and increase stock numbers. The increase in stock numbers will prevent families having to go into expensive and unsuitable temporary accommodation. This will improve life chances whilst at the same time relieving pressure on the Council's temporary accommodation budget, allowing it to divert resources into other, more appropriate, services. Clearly that further investment in housing stock, environment, place and people gives the plan that extra impetus to address inequality, social inclusion issues, health and mental well-being, with good quality healthy homes being at the heart of addressing those key determinants.
- 6.2 There are many alternative options that can be considered when setting the Business Plan. Some of these are:
 - a) Repaying debt however, this would not allow an increase in supply of much-needed, new affordable Council homes
 - b) Investing all the additional resources in the current stock again, this would not help to tackle the Council's homelessness problem
 - c) Investing all the additional resources in new additions to the stock this would not benefit current HRA tenants and leaseholders and would not allow the Council to look at sustainable initiatives to meet the Council's sustainability agenda
 - d) Do nothing the balances on the HRA would gradually build up, but the opportunity to benefit from the flexibility that is now available to Lewes to do more for its highest need communities would be lost

7 Financial Appraisal

7.1 The financial implications of adopting this plan are included in the main body of the report. In producing the plan, a comprehensive review of its key components has been carried out, with different modelling and scenarios tested in order to arrive at the current proposal.

The plan will require review and updating at least annually, but possibly more often if there are significant changes to any of the assumptions included in Appendix 1.

8 Legal Implications

8.1 The legal implications of adopting this plan are included in the main body of the report. In particular, paragraph 1.3 advises that the lifting of the debt cap does not mean the HRA can be operated without constraint. Local authorities are able to borrow against their expected rental income, in line with the Prudential Code.

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9 Risk Management Implications

- 9.1 Since the inception of "self-financing" in April 2012, it has become clear that the biggest risks to a Council's HRA 30-Year Business Plan arise when the Government implements a new policy that affects it. Two examples of this are:
 - a) The imposed year on year reduction in HRA rents from 2016/17 for four years – this had a significant impact and challenged Councils to fundamentally review their HRAs in order to respond appropriately
 - b) The consultation on the sale of high value voids this was never implemented, but again forced fundamental review and would have had a significant impact on most HRAs

Even though the HRA has been challenged in this manner from Government, authorities have managed to respond appropriately and review and resize their businesses accordingly.

9.2 Other risks and likely impacts relating to individual assumptions underpinning this proposed HRA 30-Year Business Plan are set out in Appendix 1.

10 Equality Analysis

10.1 An Equalities and Fairness Analysis (EaFA) is not required at this stage, where the Cabinet is simply being asked to agree to a strategic direction and principles. Various EaFAs will be completed as specific projects are brought forward (for example, new build projects), rents are increased and service changes are proposed. That said, overall, whilst rents are set to increase for the first time in four years, this report recommends actions that would lead to a substantial increase in homes and services to support vulnerable households.

11 Sustainability Implications

11.1 Setting aside £500k in 2020-21 in the HRA Business Plan will help Lewes District Council move towards meeting its target of achieving zero carbon emissions and full climate resilience by 2030. We will be looking to achieve healthy, well insulated, more affordable homes that our customers want to live and stay in. The opportunity to create homes that require lower heating costs for the tenant, fewer maintenance issues for the authority in the future and the creation of sustainable estates gives us the opportunity to make a difference to the future lives of generations of local people. This business plan will provide a 'green platform' and template informing the Councils management and

maintenance strategy even beyond the 30 year life-cycle and possibly beyond the needs of our stock and tenants, through testing sustainability pilots, starting in 2020/21.

12 Appendices

• Appendix 1 – HRA 30-Year Business Plan 2019/20 – Assumptions

13 Background Papers

The background papers used in compiling this report were as follows:

- HRA Business Plan Model
- HRA Right to Buy Model